

Neuburg Siliceous Earth in UV-curing wood coatings: Transparent primer



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Annual growth has been running at around 10 to 20 % with these systems since the beginning of the 90's due to the increased demand for environmental tolerability (solvent-free) and good mechanical characteristics of UV varnishes.



Basic structure of UV-curing parquet coatings



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Surfacer Amount used: Filler content:	50 g/m² 30-40 %	removes unevennessavoids sharp outlinesprevents discoloration
		 high-quality silicate fillers are essential
Primer		 application after sanding
Amount used:	15-20 g/m²	 influence on mechanical properties
Filler content:	10-15 %	 addition of small amounts of talc is recommended
Top Coat (clear coat)		 provides a high gloss, smooth surface
Film thickness:	some µm	
No filler		



Objective



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The objective of the present study was to demonstrate the advantages of Neuburg Siliceous Earth over competitive fillers in relation to

- optical properties
- abrasion resistance

in an UV-curing transparent parquet primer.



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Base Formulation



Parts by weight

	Control no filler	with filler
Laromer PO 84 F amine group-containing polyether acrylate	100	100
Filler	-	10
Omnirad 500 1-Hydroxy-cyclohexyl-phenyl-ketone and Benzophenone (1:1)	3	3
Total	103	113





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	Talc	Clay	Mica	Sillitin V 88	Aktisil MAM
Mineral Description	Mg-silicate + Magnesite	Al-silicate	Muscovite mica	Silica/ Kaolinite	Silica/ Kaolinite
Grain Shape	lamellar	lamellar	lamellar	corpuscular aggregates and lamellar	corpuscular aggregates and lamellar
Particle Size d ₅₀ [µm]	4.5 *	4.8 *	10 *	4	4
Particle Size d ₉₇ [µm]	20 *		35 *	18	18
Oil Absoption [g/100 g]	40 *	32 *	50-52 *	45	45
Density [g/cm ³]	2,9	2,6	2,8	2,6	2,6
Functionalisation	none	none	none	none	Methacrylic

* manufacturer information



Sedimentation



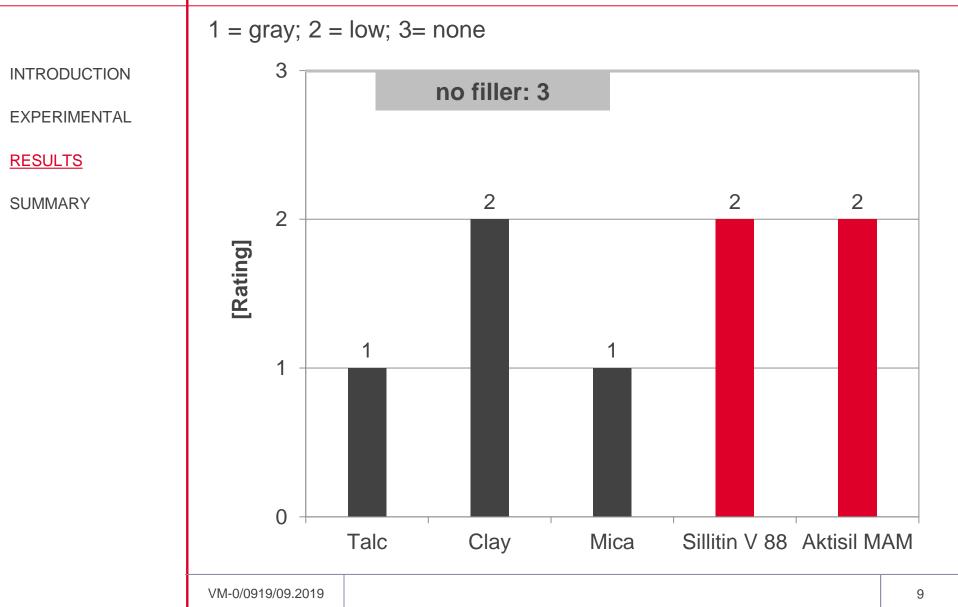
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	after 1 d	after 7 d
Talc	no	no
Clay	no	yes
Mica	no	yes
Sillitin V 88	yes	yes
Aktisil MAM	no	no



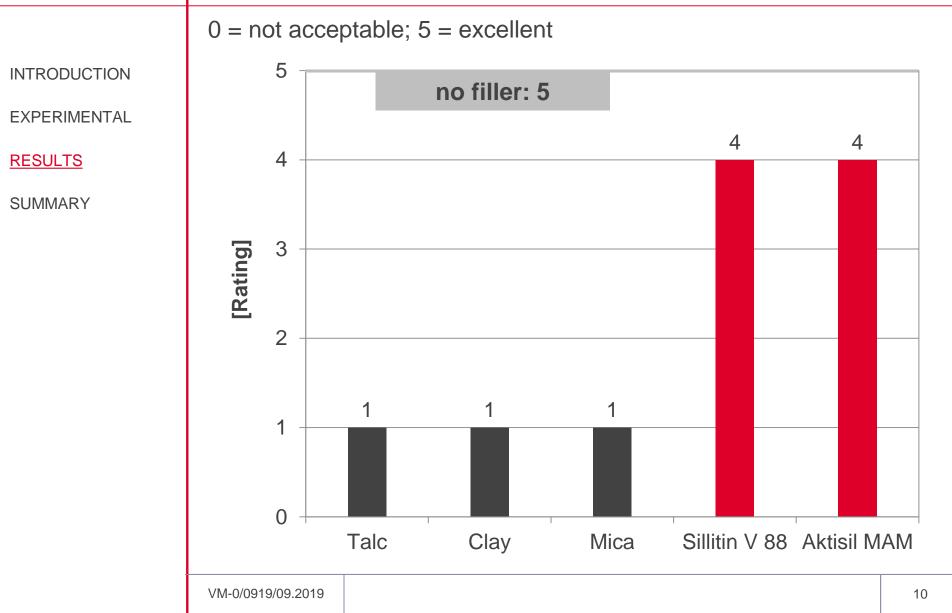






Transparency of the Film

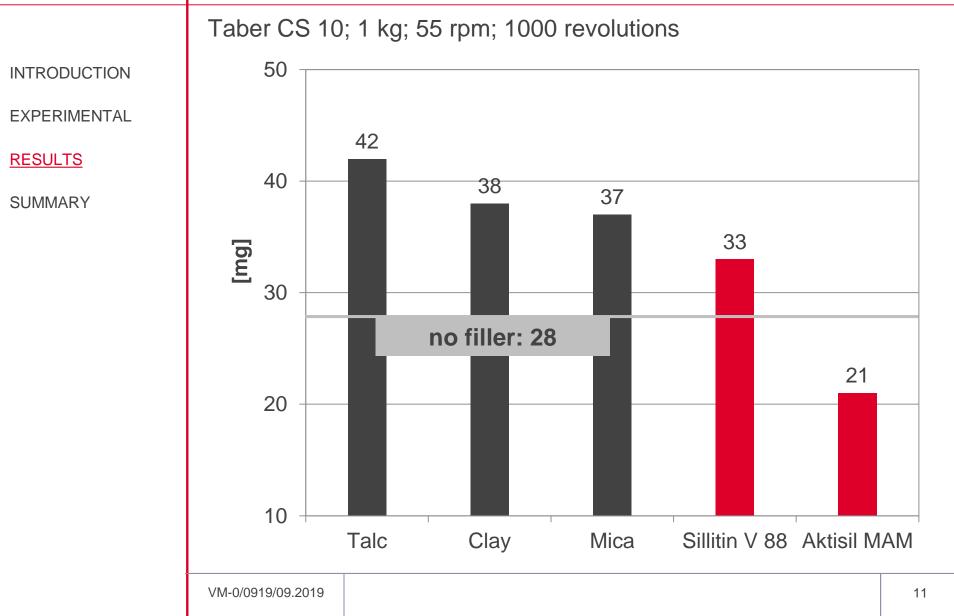






Abrasion Loss







Summary



Compared to widely used competitive fillers, Neuburg Siliceous Earth offers:

- low inherent color of the varnish
- good film transparency
- lower sedimentation tendency with Aktisil MAM
- improved abrasion resistance with Aktisil MAM

Aktisil MAM is an optimal filler in transparent UV-curing parquet primers for dark and light woods.

The sandability by machine is maintained.

Nevertheless, if there is a need for a higher sanding removal, this can be achieved by adding a small amount of talc.

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- Sillitin V 88 good prive/performance ratio, cost-effective
- Aktisil MAM reduced sedimentation, improved abrasion resistance

Not tested, but additionally recommended:

- Silfit Z 91 similar to Sillitin V 88, but with highest color neutrality, best dispersion properties, higher gloss
- Aktifit Q same as Silfit Z 91, but with lower viscosity and improved abrasion resistance
- Aktifit VM same as Aktifit Q, but improved hiding power in white pigmented coatings without UV-curing problems
- Sillitin Z 89 same as Sillitin V 88, but with lower color neutrality, higher viscosity, reduced sedimentation, higher gloss
- Sillitin Z 89 puriss same as Sillitin Z 89, but with improved dispersion
- Aktisil VM 56/89 same as Sillitin Z 89, but with improved abrasion resistance

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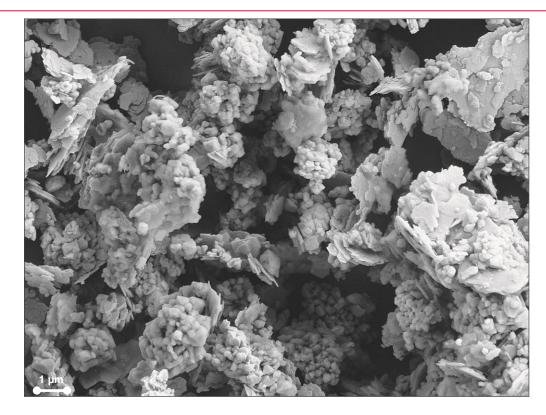
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VM-0/0919/09.2019



Structure





A natural combination of corpuscular Neuburg silica and lamellar kaolinite: a loose mixture impossible to separate by physical methods.

The silica portion exhibits a round grain shape and consists of aggregated primary particles of about 200 nm diameter.

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Morphology of Neuburg Siliceous Earth



Magnification 10.000x

